### FALL DRESS GOODS

We have a large and well-assorted stock of new Fall Dress Goods, of our own importation, and all bought previous to the big advance in prices of Wool Dress Goods. It comprises Henriettas, Whipcords, Serges, Cashmeres, Wool Surahs, Camel's-Hair, Melange, Plaids. Checks, Stripes, Bourettes, Jamestowns, Pattern Dresses and Novelties. Very many of these beautiful fabrics are confined to us in this market, and some of them (Pattern Dresses and Novelties especially), we have but one dress of each, consequently they will not be common, which is certainly a very great advantage. We feel fully justified in calling the attention of the ladies to our Dress Goods Department, for whether they want a stylish, cheap dress, or the finest povelty imported, they can get it there.

### L. S. AYRES & CO.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns. N. B. Our Dress-making Department will be opened Sept. 16.

Our heavy stock of pictures increases every day. You have now the pick of the novelties of the hour in our line and those who take time by the forelock are already taking advantage of the opporcunity of a first choice.

H. LIEBER & CO.'S ART EMPORIUM, 33 South Meridian St.

CHRISTIANITY AND AGNOSTICISM. A controversy consisting of papers by Henry Wace, D. D., Thos. H. Huxley, Mrs. Humphrey Ward, and others. Cloth, \$1. paper ... 50c

FOR SALE BY

THE BOWEN-MERRILL CO.

16 & 18 West Washington St.

# GATES COFFEE

Is the Cream of all the Package Coffees.

For sale by leading grocers. We ask you to try it.

PACKED BY A. B. GATES&CO. INDIANAPOLIS.

## 6 PER CENT. MONEY

The Best Fire Insurance

Rents Promptly Collected.

BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE

SPANN & CO.

THE

Established 1853.1

THIS WEEK

CLOSING OU'

LOW PRICES.

PETTIS, BASSETT & CO

Death of Dawson Blackmore. The flour and grain dealer, Dawson Blackmore, long a noted figure on the Indianapolis Board of Trade, died yesterday morning at his residence, 453 North Illinois street, after several months' illness. He was the first white child born in Jefferson county, the date of his birth being Nov. 12, 1802. He was long a pork-packer at Madison, removing first to Chicago, and in 1871 to this city, where he organized the Frank-lin Fire Insurance Company and afterwards went into the flour trade. He helped largely to build the temple of the Masons at Madison, and was, after leaving that city, made a life member without dues. He leaves a wife, a son. Charles W., and a daughter. Elizabeth Blackmore. His funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon.

Amusement Notes.

The engagement of the Bennett-Moulton Opera Company at the Park Theater will close this evening. "The Black Hussar" iams series it has never been considered will be given at the matinee this afternoon, necessary for the school superintendents of

and "Robert Macaire" to-night. E. J. Connelly, in "A Soap Bubble," will be the attraction at the Park next week. Lily Clay's specialty will come to the Grand on Wednesday night, and "A Brass Monkey" will fill out the week. English's Opera-house will open the sea-

NEW sideboards at Wm. L. Elder's.

AT A SUGGESTION OF FLICK

Marion County Teachers, to Avoid Trouble, Indorse Misfit School Books.

An Action That Does Not Represent Private Views of Pedagogues-A Mysterious Meeting of Superintendents of City Schools.

A great many children take disagreeable medicines, but few who take them are so disingenuous as to smack their lips and say they like them. When such a cherub is found the chances are that he has either received or been promised a gratuity for keeping down his gorge and otherwise repressing his natural nausea. The medicine incident suggested itself yesterday at the meeting of the Marion county teachers' institute, when the committee on resolutions, consisting of M. J. Wagle. D. T. Powers and M. Frances Moore, made the following report:

Whereas, Earnest criticism from various sources-some educational-have been advanced against the recent legislation in our own State relative to the furnishing of our schools with uniform text-books; and,

Whereas, A more direct effort to create preju-dice against the books adopted by the State Board of Education, viz., the Indiana Educa-tional Series, has been made by such critics; whereas, Such criticisms apparently savor of a political nature, therefore, Be it resolved, that it is the sense of the teachers of Marion county, in institute assem-bled, that while we favor such legislation as was

recommended by Governor Hovey in his first message to the General Assembly, we fully believe our present new school-book law is a step in the right direction. That having examined the books furnished by the Indiana School-book Company, viz.; the Indiana Educational Series, we find much to commend and but little to condenin. That the political criticism offered from various sources upon the new law is viewed with great disfavor by us.

This resolution indorsing the Becktold-Williams series, passed without any audible dissent, though a number of the teachers had previously expressed themselves adversely to the books, stating explicitly that they believed them to be interior. Several teachers, when the report plicitly that they believed them to be inferior. Several teachers, when the report of the committee came in, thought for a moment of making some opposition to its adoption, but from a disinclination to cause trouble with the powers that be never brought their purpose into action. Some of these still have hopes that the proceedings in the federal court will relieve them from the disagreeable task of teaching from these Missouri text-books. Another thing to be taken into consideration in connection with the passing of the resolution without open opposition is the fact that three-fourths of the teachers are women, unused to parliamentary usage, and had never seen the books. Besides, the meeting had been a pleasant one and they desired to be amiable with the committee. The passing of the resolution is intended to go out as the expression of the central county of the State as favoring the Becktold-Williams school books, but when the whole matter is understood concerning the getting up of the report and its adoption, it is not likely that it will serve to turn the strong popular tide of disfavor which has set against this mistit educational series.

Professor Sanders when the legitimete

Professor Sanders, when the legitimate proceedings of the institute were begun, continued his talk upon the subject of composition. He gave topics, outlines and systematic method of arrangement, noting carefully the punctuation. On the subject of reading, Professor Beck reviewed the lessons of the week, and then gave an exercise in physical development of the chest. Professor Sanders followed, occupying an hour upon outline geography and history, illustrating his subject from printed tablets. "The Will and its Culture" was discussed by the institute, led by Professor Beck, the branches of the topic considered being the victory of mind over matter, the human will, and the training of mind and will. Professor Sanders came next, devoting some time to "Arithmetic," in which he treated of advanced addition, subtraction, multiplication and division, and gave a practical lesson in interest. The concluding talk was by Professor Beck, in which he treated of school government, examinations, reports and promotion. Training versus teaching was also discussed at some length. tional series.

A committee was appointed to prepare by-laws for the organization of a Marion County Teachers' Association. The institute adjourned after passing resolutions of respect to the memory of Miss Lottie Springer, a teacher of Warren township, who recently died, and of thanks to the county superintendent and to instructors Beck and Sanders for their services through the week.

the week. In Secret Session. A twinkle of gas-light through the tightly closed blinds of the office of the superintendent of city schools at 9 o'clock at night, with an air of mystery shrouding the place, attracted the attention of a Journal reporter last evening. Entering the library building he found the door leading to the superintendent's office open and walked in. As he did so the occupants of the room looked first at the reporter and then at each other, betraying much the same agitation and discomfiture as is shown by a lot of boys discovered by a farmer in his watermelon patch. Looking about him, the reporter saw the following superintendents of city schools: Irwin, of Ft. Wayne; Layne, of Evansville; Taylor, of Vincennes; Stultz, of Jeffersonville, Cox, of Kokomo; Study, of Richmond; Snyder, of Muncie, and Jones, of Indianapolis. When these able educators had somewhat recovered from their surprise, one of their number approached the astonished reporter and motioned him to follow into the hall.

"Wh-what is it?" inquired the reporter.

"Just a little private meeting," replied the educator nervously, "ha! ha! ha! That's all; nothing else; nothing for publication."

"Isn't it rather an unusual thing for the superintendents of eight or ten of the cities of the State to come together secretly? What is there in the educational matters of the State that a meeting of superintendent. the State that a meeting of superintendents should take on the air of a secret so-

The educator then made a feint of giving the reporter his entire confidence, and told him that for several years past there had been a number of associations of city superintendents; there had been one in northern Indiana that was connected with Michigan superintendents, one in eastern Indiana that was connected with an Ohio association one in touth Indiana that was connected with an Ohio association, one in southern Indiana with Kentucky, and one in western Indiana with Illinois. The reporter was informed that the educators had recently learned that Indianapolis was centrally located in Indiana, with railroads converging to it from all parts of the State, like the spokes of a wheel to the hub, and that this discovery had suggested to them the idea that it would be good to have an Indiana association of city superintendents, and that they meet here.

"Have you selected officers for your association?" was the next inquiry.

"Well, ah, no. This meeting is informal. At a subsequent meeting a permanent organization will be made."

"Was anything else done?"

"Was anothing else done?"
"Well, no. not much; except a number of questions were discussed as to attendance and regulations of various kinds peculiar The reporter, an hour later, met some of those who had been in attendance at this secret meeting. One of these said that nothing but educational matters were discussed, and would say no more. Another acknowledged that the Becktold-Williams series of school books had been one of the topics of the meeting, but refused to say what action was taken. It is understood that a number of these gentlemen are much disturbed over some recent phases taken by the school-book question, and that the meeting was to devise some plan of action that would be safe and conservative. Prior to the introduction of the Becktold-Williams series it has never been considered

the capital with gum shoes and dark lanterns like a lot of pedagogic Guy Fawkeses. Hope the Books Will Not Come.

any of the cities of the State to come up to

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BRAZIL, Ind., Aug. 30 .- The public schools of the city will open next Monday. A requisition has been sent in for a supply of the Becktold books, but the schools will not Boston, Mass.

wait for them. They have not been received yet. If they do not come in time the old books will be used. There is no question about the inferiority of the books. If left to their merits they would never be used, as they are regarded as not only inferior, but pernicious. A fear of violating the law and a costly suit in the courts has induced the authorities to order them. There is a secret hope that they will not

IMPROVING THE INSTITUTIONS.

Contract for the School Building at the In-

stitute for the Deaf and Dumb. The erection of a new school building, long greatly needed, will be begun at once at the Institute for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. The contract for its erection was awarded yesterday afternoon by the trustees to Louis Burtin, contractor, of this city, as the lowest of the nine

competing bidders. The bids were as follows: Charles Pierce, \$55,490; W. Kattan, \$55,132; E. C. Griffith, Crawfordsville, \$55,-000; Shover & Christian, \$54,850; Neurge & Reinking, \$54,694; Peter, Routier, \$50,000; Jungelaus & Schumacher, \$49,000; Louis

Burtin, \$45,995. The appropriation made by the Legislature to erect this building was \$50,000, and the plans and specifications were prepared by Scherrer & Moore, architects, of this city. The building is to be 162 feet long by 95 feet wide, with a basement, four feet of which will be above ground, with three stories above that, and a mansard roof covering the whole. The basement will be of rough stone, the upper part of the building of brick. There will be four fronts to the structure, and the whole will be surmounted by a cupola. On the first floor will be ten school rooms, on the second ten and on the third four. On the first floor there will be rooms for two principals, and on the third library and art rooms. The greatest length of the building will be from east to west, facing north, and it will be located to the west and south of the south

wing of the institute building. There is a great need for other improve ments at this institution. What perhaps is most wanted is a kindergarten cottage to take care of from seventy-five to one hundred pupils, and this can be built for \$10,000. At present children are not taken under ten years old, and teachers of deaf mutes are of the opinion that their instruction should begin at the age of six years. Acting Superintendent Johnson, who is much interested in this work, hopes the next Legislature will make the necessary provision. Another building needed is a chapel to be upon the grounds separated from the main building. This, too, would cost \$10,000 and a gymnasium would cost perhaps \$10,000 more, the last-named being considered a necessity for the proper physical training of deaf mute girls as well as boys. Another requirement will be an appropriation of \$25,000 to make necessary alterations and additions to the old building. These expenditures will, it is believed, give a group of buildings as good as those of any institution of the kind in the United States, and will accommodate all the deaf mutes that will come during the next quarter of a century.

There will be \$25 pupils at the pext see. to take care of from seventy-five to one

There will be 325 pupils at the next session of the school, which is really more than the institution can well care for. Heretofore articulation, which has been growing in importance, has been taught by only one teacher, but next session will open with an additional teacher of this branch, Miss Lucy Robinson, of Indianapolis, having been employed for the purpose. The institution, during the vacation, has been repainted and renovated from top to bottom, and more work has been done there this summer in the way of renovation than in any four years before.

Contract Awarded. The contract was let yesterday afternoon for the addition to the Blind Institution. The bids were opened and the contract was awarded to Jungclaus & Schumacher, as the lowest bidders. The bids were as follows: William Kattan, \$34,743; Shover & Christian, \$35,787; M. K. Fatout & Son, \$31,650; Peter Routier, \$33,875; Kraas & Grumman, \$31,995. The excavation and stone work are already in, at a cost of \$3,500, and ready for the brick superstructure, the work upon which will begin at once and be under roof before winter begins. The addition will join the present building on the north.

politics, the significance of this ru-

why he should not be re-elected?"

"None, whatever; there was nothing against him, and he has an excellent reputation at the institution. In the case of Miss Loomis, who was employed as boys' governess, she was not re-elected for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not exactly satisfied with her work, and from what the other members of the board could learn from him, it was thought best for the interests of the institution that we make a change in that was thought best for the interests of the institution that we make a change in that department. There was no specified charge made against Miss Loomis. She stood very well with the institution and the superintendent, Mr. Jacobs recommended her very highly. We judge from Mr. Riley's remarks that he had reason to think that she was not a person capable of taking care of the charge."

"Has the board made any selections to fill the positions?"

"Neither position is yet filled, but it will be filled by the superintendent, who submits the names of the applicants for the positions, and then the board ratifies or rejects the nominations. It is probable that both the persons will be reinstated in the positions at the next board meeting."

Will Come Here to Live. The Louisville Courier-Journal of yesterday, concluding a long account of the sentencing of Judge A. M. Pulliam, of Brandenburg, Ky., to the penitentiary of that State for fifteen years, for the killing of James Miller, July 6, 1888, whom he believed to have been criminally intimate with his wife, says that Mrs. Pulliam and her four young children will come to Indianapolis to reside. The case is one of the most sensa-tional and at the same time deplorable that the annals of Kentucky have ever fur-

Collector Cravens's Appointments.

To the Editor of the American Tribune. In your issue of the 22d inst. is an article In your issue of the 28d inst. is an article severely criticizing my appointments, as you understood them to be, from what somebody had said. An inquiry at this office would have given you correct information. I do not ask you to correct your greatly unjust publication because it seems to have been prompted by a spirit of fault-finding rather than by a desire to tell the truth about a public matter. As collector, up to the 28d inst., I had appointed and recommended for appointments forty-four men. Of these twenty were soldiers and men. Of these twenty were soldiers and three sons of veterans. This is for your information. Respectfully, J. O. CRAVENS,

LAWRENCEBURG, Aug. 26.

James Means's \$3 and \$4 shoes and James Means's quarter-eagle thick boots are the best made and are sold everywhere. Send postal to J. Means & Co., 41 Lincoln street,

A YOUNG MAN'S DOWNFALL

He Sat in Many Poker Games Backed by Money from the Boonville Postoffice.

His Fellow-Players Cognizant of His Resources Likely to Be Prosecuted and Sent to Prison-Items from the Several Courts.

William E. Denny, the defaulting assistant postmaster at Boonville, was released on \$1,000 bail yesterday afternoon, Mayor Denny becoming surety for his appearance to answer grand jury action. Before his release the prisoner was in conference with Assistant District Attorney Cockrum for an hour or more, and all the circumstances of the shortage were rehearsed in detail. I his own statement is to be credited, he did not lead the fast, dissolute life that has been attributed to him, but gave way, in January last, to a propensity for gambling, and, within six months, squandered \$6,500 of the money belonging to the money-order department of the postoffice of which he was in charge. It was then that he sought refuge in flight, but was arrested in Kansas City and brought here to answer to the law for the crime of embezzlement. In a written confession made yesterday, and now in possession of the assistant district attorney. Denny states that he lost all the money at poker in the city of Evansville. He gave the names of sixty persons, each of whom got some part of the money embezzled from the government. He says that the entire sum was lost between January last and the time of his flight from Boonville, and that all the money, except about \$125, which was lost at the Boon-ville races, was squancered at cards in Evansville. He denies the newspaper charges that he gambled he Cincinnati, and says that he never played a game of cards in that city in his life. The loss of the government's money at

the gambling table constitutes a somewhat case in this instance, each person who played Denny and won any part of the money is a party to his embezzlement, and may be made to suffer the same penalty that the law attaches to his crime. The only condition under which the parties would not be held liable is proof that the money was not that which was taken from the money-order department. As Denny had no means outside of his stealings, there is little doubt but the parties are all liable under the law. Section 4046, Revised Statutes of the United States, defines the crime in explicit terms as follows: "Every postmaster, assistant, clerk, or other person employed in or connected with the business operations of any money-order department, who converts to his own use in any manner whatever, or takes or deposits in any bank, except as authorized by its title, or exchanges for other funds any portion of the money-order funds, shall be deemed guilty of embezzlement, and any such person, as well as any other person advising or participating therein, shall for every such offense be imprisoned for not less than six months nor more than ten years, and be fined in a sum equal to the amount embezzled."

Speaking of this statute, and its relation the

years, and be fined in a sum equal to the amount embezzled."

Speaking of this statute, and its relation to the case of young Denny. Mr. Cockrum said: "If the parties with whom he played, and to whom he lost the money, knew that he did not have money; that is, was not able to have it except it came from the trust funds of the office, they were participants in his crime, for they were bound to know that he was using the money belonging to some one else. This fact renders them liable under the law. The whole matter will be thoroughly investigated, and every guilty person brought to an accounting before the court."

When asked for the list of names given by Denny as those with whom he had played and lost, Mr. Cockram said: "Some of the men did not know Denny's position, and the amounts lost to them were insignificant. They engaged in social games, and, in all such cases, the loss was trifling. It would be an injustice to them to publish

lows: William Kattan, \$34,743; Shover & Christian, \$35,787; M. K. Fatout & Son, \$31,650; Peter Routier, \$33,875; Kraas & Grumman, \$31,995. The excavation and stone work are already in, at a cost of \$3,500, and ready for the brick superstructure, the work upon which will begin at once and be under roof before winter begins. The addition will join the present building on the north.

AT THEIR OLD TRICKS.

Democratic Trustees at the Institution for the Blind Applying Partisan Methods.

Last evening a Journal reporter got an inkling that trouble was brewing at the Institution for the Education of the Blind. It was stated that an effort was being made on the part of some of the trustees to interfere with the management of the institution for the purpose of making direct or incidence in the part of some of the trustees live here and are both exceedingly active in local politics, the significance of this runding that the control of the significance of this runding that the control of the significance of this runding that the control of the significance of the control of the scenario and in all such cases, the loss was trifling. It is all used to a spand they would have accorned to play with him had they known where the money in Evasvelle beau in plustice to them to publish their names. They would have accorned to play with him had they known where the money in Evasvelle beau from the risked, even in a social games, and, in all such cases, the loss was trifling. It is all used to a control to them to publish their names. They would have accorned to play with him had they known where the money in Evasvelle beau from the triber names. They would have accorned to play with him had they known where the money in same, and, in all such cases, the loss was trifling. It there names. They would have accorned to play with him had they known where the money in same, and, and they known where the money in the play with him had they known where the money in same, and, and they known where the money in the risked, even in a social ga haustible supply of money. I do know, however, that he won \$225 from me one mor was sufficient to suggest an interview with one of them, T. J. Cullen, clerk at the Grand Hotel. It was understood that Dr. Stone and Miss Loomis had been dropped from the list of teachers.

In relation to Dr. Stone Mr. Cullen said:
"We thought we would make a change, as the Doctor had been connected with the institution for a number of years. Another fact is that he has lately been appointed pension examiner, and his duties in connection with that office would cause his absence from the institution for one day in each week."

"Was there any other charge or reason why he should not be re-elected?"

"None, whatever; there was nothing against him, and he has an excellent reputation at the institution. In the case of Miss Loomis, who was employed as boys' governess, she was not re-elected for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that one of the trustees, Mr. Riley, was not traction at the institution for the reason that the matter in the courts. Of course there are some men who would pay any reason a

No Grounds for Habeas Corpus. The hearing by Judge Taylor of the habeas corpus case brought by Herbert Shirk against Adjutant-general Ruckle, to test the legality of the arrest of members of the Indianapolis Light Infantry for fail-ing to turn out in fatigue uniforms on cor-ner-stone day, took place yesterday. The Judge called in Judges Howe and Walker, and the decision of the full bench was that no restraint of the complainant existed suf-ficient to support the writ.

Cannot Transfer a License.

Wiley Dickson, who owns Sim Coy's Massachusetts-avenue saloon, was arrested yesterday for selling liquor without a government license. Charles Stuckey took out a license for the saloon, and the federal au-thorities hold that it cannot be transferred. Dickson's case will be investigated to-day.

Mrs. Walk's Will. The will of Emma Walk was admitted to probate in the county clerk's office yesterday. The homestead and personalty is left to Louise Mansfield, daughter of the testa-trix, and the balance of the property di-vided among the other children.

Could Not Give Bail. Philander Juster, arrested on the charge of passing a counterfeit half dollar at Muncie, had a preliminary hearing before Commissioner Van Buren yesterday, and was sent to jail in default of \$200 bail.

The Court Record. SUPERIOR COURT. New Suits Filed.

Amelia Van Tuyl vs. John D. Eagle et al.; complaint on note. Harry J. Milligan, trustee, vs. Louise Hooker et al.; foreclosure. Daniel Lefeber vs. Rosina Kestner; mechanic's lien.

Free-Trade England's Latest Trust. New York Sun (Dem.)

There is still another notable circumstance to be reported in the development of the trus'-making movement, and it happens to have occurred in England, the land of no tariff. It has been announced in London that an amalgamation is proposed of all the great metropolitan bakeries, nearly three hundred in number, into a trust to be known as the London Bread Union, in order, as it is said, "to obtain control of the retail bread market and regulate prices."

The spirit of trusts evidently is not stopped

We have placed the goods on our counters for to-day's sale. Call and look over the lot and see if you can use any of the to at the BIG REDUCED PRICES.

Ladies' Jersey Mitts at 10c, were 25c and up.
Ladies' Fancy Collars at 5c, were 8c up.
Ladies' Fancy Sets at 10c, were 25c up.
Ruchings, one lot, formerly 20, 25, 30, 35c and up. hoice 10c per ya.m.'. Bibbons, a line of fancy styles at 10c. Fans-10c at 5c; Y5c at 5c; 20c at 10c; 30c at 1 15c; 50c at 25c; 75c at 25c; \$1 at 50c; \$1.50 at 50c, 50c Parasols at 25 c. 75c Parasols at 25c. 51 Parasols at 50c. \$1.50 Parasols at 50c. \$2 Parasols at \$1. \$3 Parasols at \$1. \$4 Parasols at \$2. \$4 Parasols at \$2. Belts, cloth and met d. choice at 5c.

Corsets, a good style, new 39c. Corsets, 13 other style s, at reduced prices.

35c Corset Covers at & c.

40c Corset Covers at 350.

48c Corset Covers at 15c. 35c Children's White Dresses at 15c. 40c Children's White Dresses at 15c. 48c Children's White Dresses at 15c.
Children's sleveless Waite Aprons reduced to 25c.
Children's Cotton Hosiery at one-guarter less than marked prices.

Aprons, a few more in Pique and Scrim, at 5c.

Ladies' Fabric Skirts now 25c.

Ladies' Gauze Vests, 25c, at 12½c.

Ladies' Balbriggan, Gauze and Ribbed Vests, marked 40, 45, 48 and 50c, to-day at 19c.

Genta' Summer Underwear at 19, 25 and 37½c, formerly 25 to 50c. Gents' Summer Teck Scurfs were 4, 5, 8 and 10c; now 1c each, or 10e a dozen.

SPECIAL SALE OF DOMESTICS Continues to day. New Dark Prints at 2½c. Indigo Blue Prints at 5c, Ginghams at 5c, regular 7½c and 9c quality. Unbleached Much us, yard wide, good, at 5c. Bleached Muslin, yard wide, good, at 534c.

### DEDERT & SUDBROCK,

158 and 160 East Washington Street. Open to-night until 10 of clock.

by public deunciation, nor by the invoca-tion of the law, nor by the lack of a pro-tective tariff, from boldly offering to at-tempt the most extreme crime of which the consolidationists can be imagined capable, namely, the monopolization of the trade in the most necessary article of food known. Bread is technically the "staff of life;" yet, regardless of all moral or sentimental considerations, the London bakers hope to establish a bread trust.

A Smart Dog.

Philadelphia Record. A hunting dog owned in York, being too large to creep under a certain building to exterminate the rats, went to a neighbor's and returned with two rat-terriers. The trio cleaned out the rats, and the hunting dog returned the others to their home.

Fall Style Hats. Our fall silk hats are now ready. Our young men's stiff hats are ready. Our boys' school hats are ready. We are ready to wait on you. BAMBERGER, Hatter and Furrier, 16 E. Washington st

And Don't Forget It, That Hill's Sliding Inside Blinds are gaining in favor every day. They are taking the place of the old style and give perfect satisfaction. Don't fail to call and examine full-size model at our store before you buy. Are closing out refrigerators at reduced prices. HILDEBRAND & FUGATE, 52 South Meridian St.

It is a fact that we are making very low prices on "ALASKA" Refrigerators to close out the few we have left. It will pay to see us if you want a Refrigerator. We have the best Natural-gas Stoves in the city. "Quick-Meal" Gasoline Stoves.

WM. H. BENNETT & SON, 38 South Meridian St

### PASSING FANCIES.

Minature green orns have been devised in gold is link cuff-bactons.

An original conception in silver match-boxes is a reproduction in size and color of an oyster.

Those kind of things hit the passing seasons, since corn is here and oysters are coming.

But most of that sort of designs are short-lived. A pure art form lasts. Come have a look at our stock.

## BOSTON STORE

11c.

Fine Wool Challies, formerly 15 to 50c,

19c.

Embroidered Mull Collars, Byron Roll-

ing, formerly 25c, now 19c.

Children's Gauze Vests, sizes 20 to 28.

inclusive, formerly 20 to 25c; now 12 1-2c.

JACKSON, PORTER & ALDERMAN

BOOKS YOU WANT.

26 & 28 West Washington St.

Books sent postpaid on receipt of price. CATHCART, CLELAND & CO.,

THIS MORNING

We will offer a BIG JOB in

## 10,000 BOOKS

By the best-known authors, at

1-2c; worth \$1.

Come early and secure choice Books at one-fifth their actual value.

D. J. SULLIVAN

6 & 8 West Washington St.

## ADVANCE SALE.

You can buy Seal Plush Cloaks onethird off regular winter prices by buying them now. By paying a small deposit on them you can have them laid away until you need them. This will entitle you to the reduction.

Seal Plush Cloaks from \$9 to \$25 are the grandest bargains ever offered.

Any sizes to 48 bust with no extra charge.

## RINKS

The Only Exclusive Cloak House in the City.

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